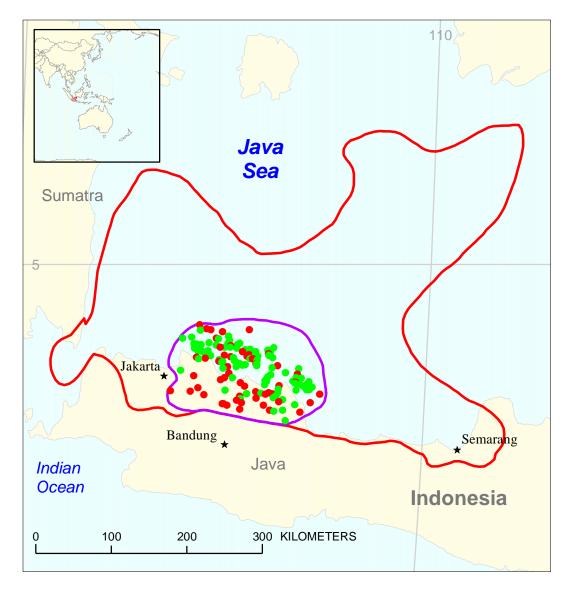
Ardjuna Assessment Unit 38240201



Ardjuna Assessment Unit 38240201

Northwest Java Basin Geologic Province 3824

USGS PROVINCE: Northwest Java Basin (3824)

TOTAL PETROLEUM SYSTEM: Jatibarang/Talang Akar-Oligocene/Miocene (382402)

ASSESSMENT UNIT: Ardjuna (38240201)

DESCRIPTION: Onshore and offshore oil and gas discoveries in Oligocene through Miocene sandstone and carbonate reservoirs, sourced by Oligocene to Early Miocene lacustrine shales and coals.

SOURCE ROCKS: Talang Akar lower delta-plain coals deposited in and across a series of rift half grabens; TOC 60 to 70 wt. %, HI 260 to 420. Possible contribution from Jatibarang lacustrine shales.

MATURATION: The onset of hydrocarbon maturity was about 11 Ma in Middle Miocene time and continues to the present.

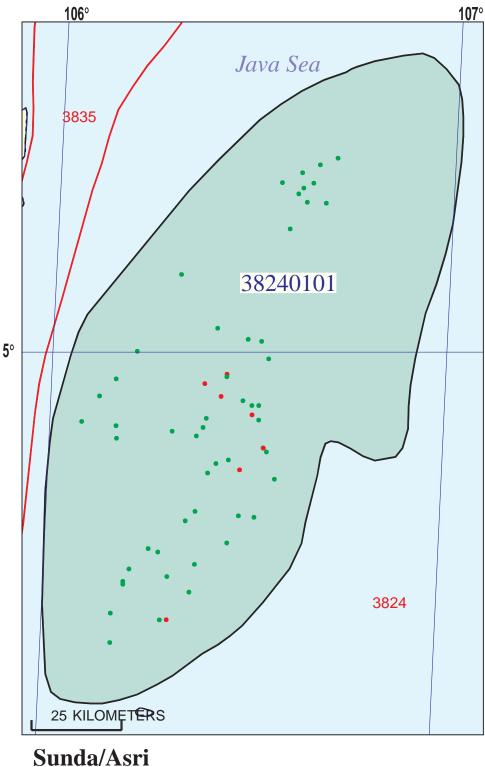
MIGRATION: Lateral, up-dip migration out of the grabens and vertical along faults into overlying sandstones and carbonates and later into Late Miocene carbonates.

RESERVOIR ROCKS: The Miocene Main and Massive Formations consist of sandstones and limestones where clastic source was from the north and marine transgressions were from the south. The best reservoir quality clastic rocks are fluvial/deltaic, shoreline, and reworked, transgressive sandstones separated by thick, tuffaceous marine shale. Talang Akar sandstones and Batu Raja carbonates hold the remaining reserves. Weathered granite basement is a minor reservoir rock.

TRAPS AND SEALS: The majority of the discoveries have been in anticlines with intraformational seals or sealed by regional Miocene Gumai Shale. Carbonate build-ups and reefs sealed by transgressive shales, fault-block traps and stratigraphic traps.

REFERENCES:

- Noble, R.A., Pratomo, K.H., Nugrahanto, K., Ibrahim, A.M.T., Prasetya, I., Mujahidin, N., Wu, C.H., and Howes, J.V.C., 1997, Petroleum systems of Northwest Java, Indonesia, *in* Howes, J.V.C., and Noble, R.A., eds., Proceedings of an International Conference on Petroleum Systems of SE Asia and Australasia: Indonesian Petroleum Association, p. 585-600.
- Nugrahanto, K., and Noble, R.A., 1997, Structural control on source rock development and thermal maturity in the Ardjuna Basin, offshore northwest Java, Indonesia, *in* Howes, J.V.C., and Noble, R.A., eds., Proceedings of an International Conference on Petroleum Systems of SE Asia and Australasia: Indonesian Petroleum Association, p. 631-653.



Sunda/Asri Assessment Unit - 38240101

EXPLANATION

- Hydrography
- Shoreline
- 3824 Geologic province code and boundary
 - --- Country boundary
 - Gas field centerpoint
 - Oil field centerpoint

38240101 -

Assessment unit code and boundary

Projection: Robinson. Central meridian: 0

SEVENTH APPROXIMATION NEW MILLENNIUM WORLD PETROLEUM ASSESSMENT DATA FORM FOR CONVENTIONAL ASSESSMENT UNITS

| Date: | 5/26/99 | | | | - | |
|---|---|--------------|-------------------------|---------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|
| Assessment Geologist: R.T. Ryder | | | | | _ | |
| Region: Asia Pacific | | | | Number: | | |
| Province: | | | | | Number: | 3824 |
| | Priority | | | | - | |
| Total Petroleum System: | | Oligocene | e/Miocene | | Number: | |
| Assessment Unit: | Ardjuna | | | | Number: | 38240201 |
| * Notes from Assessor | MMS growth function. | | | | | |
| | CHARACTERISTICS | OF ASSI | ESSMENT UNI | т | | |
| Oil (<20,000 cfg/bo overall) <u>o</u> | <u>r</u> Gas (<u>></u> 20,000 cfg/bo ov | /erall): | Oil | | | |
| What is the minimum field size (the smallest field that has pot | | | | | | |
| Number of discovered fields e | xceeding minimum size:. | | Oil: | 78 | Gas: | 47 |
| Established (>13 fields) | X Frontier (1- | | H | ypothetical | (no fields) | |
| | | | | | | |
| Median size (grown) of discov | . , | 47 | | _ | | 10 |
| Madian aiza (grown) of diagon | 1st 3rd | 17 | 2nd 3rd | 1 | 3rd 3rd | 10 |
| Median size (grown) of discov | 1st 3rd | 72 | 2nd 3rd | 68 | 3rd 3rd | 139 |
| Assessment-Unit Probabiliti <u>Attribute</u> 1. CHARGE: Adequate petro | eum charge for an undis | | eld <u>></u> minimum | size | | <u>e (0-1.0)</u> 1.0 |
| 2. ROCKS: Adequate reserve | | | | | | 1.0 |
| 3. TIMING OF GEOLOGIC EV | ENTS: Favorable timing | for an un | discovered fiel | d <u>></u> minim | um size | 1.0 |
| Assessment-Unit GEOLOGI | C Probability (Product of | 1, 2, and | 3): | | 1.0 | |
| 4. ACCESSIBILITY: Adequa | te location to allow explo | ration for r | an undiscovere | d field | | |
| Minimum size | | | | | ······ <u>-</u> | 1.0 |
| | | | | | | |
| | UNDISCO | | - | | | |
| Number of Undiscovered Fie | • | | | _ | um size?: | |
| | (uncertainty of f | ixed but u | inknown values | 5) | | |
| Oil fields: | min. no. (>0) | 10 | median no. | 25 | max no. | 50 |
| Gas fields: | · · · – | 15 | median no. | 50 | max no. | 100 |
| Cine of Undian system of Fields | | | | have Cala | I= 0. | |
| Size of Undiscovered Fields: What are the anticipated sizes (grown) of the above fields?: (variations in the sizes of undiscovered fields) | | | | | | |
| Oil in oil fields (mmbo) | min cizo | 1 | median size | 4 | max. size | 150 |
| | | | | | max. size | 2500 |
| | | ÷ | | | | |

Assessment Unit (name, no.) Ardjuna, 38240201

AVERAGE RATIOS FOR UNDISCOVERED FIELDS, TO ASSESS COPRODUCTS

(uncertainty of fixed but unknown values)

| Oil Fields: | minimum | median | maximum |
|--|--------------|--------------|---------------|
| Gas/oil ratio (cfg/bo) | 1000 | 2000 | 3000 |
| NGL/gas ratio (bngl/mmcfg) | 30 | 60 | 90 |
| <u>Gas fields:</u> Liquids/gas ratio (bngl/mmcfg) Oil/gas ratio (bo/mmcfg) | minimum 5 | median 10 | maximum 20 |

SELECTED ANCILLARY DATA FOR UNDISCOVERED FIELDS

(variations in the properties of undiscovered fields)

| (valiations in the properties of undiscovered herds) | | | | | |
|--|---------|--------|---------|--|--|
| Oil Fields: | minimum | median | maximum | | |
| API gravity (degrees) | 19 | 36 | 55 | | |
| Sulfur content of oil (%) | 0.03 | 0.1 | 0.6 | | |
| Drilling Depth (m) | 500 | 1500 | 3500 | | |
| Depth (m) of water (if applicable) | 0 | 40 | 400 | | |
| <u>Gas Fields</u> : | minimum | median | maximum | | |
| Inert gas content (%) | 0.2 | 1.3 | 12.1 | | |
| CO ₂ content (%) | 0.2 | 3.5 | 58 | | |
| Hydrogen-sulfide content (%) | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Drilling Depth (m) | 500 | 2000 | 3000 | | |

0

40

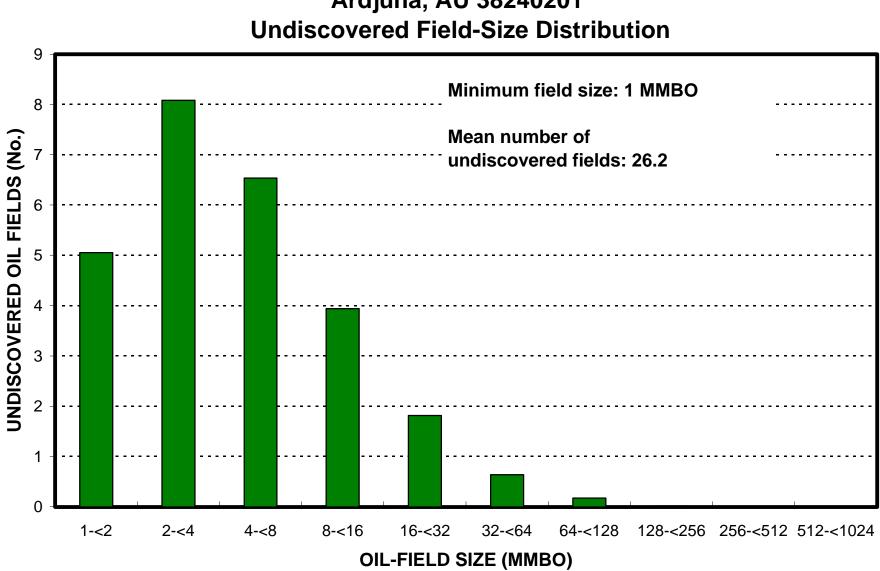
400

Depth (m) of water (if applicable).....

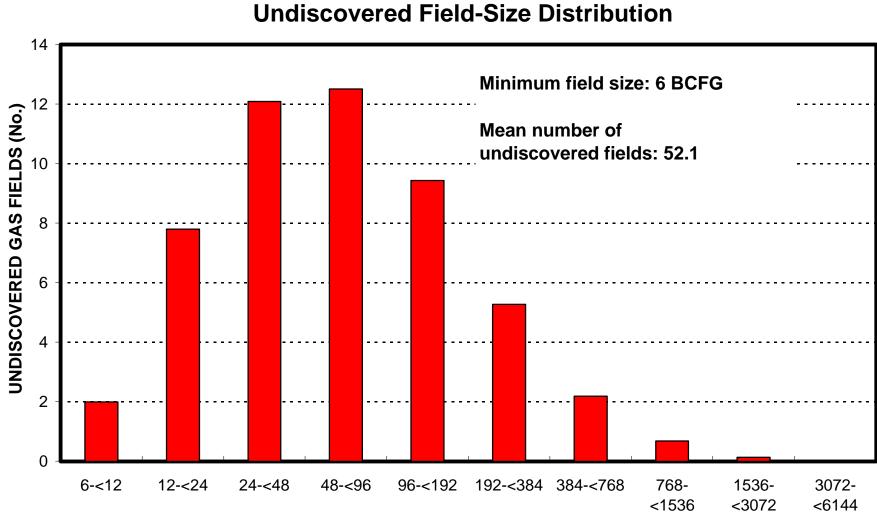
ALLOCATION OF UNDISCOVERED RESOURCES IN THE ASSESSMENT UNIT

TO COUNTRIES OR OTHER LAND PARCELS (uncertainty of fixed but unknown values)

| 1. Indonesia represents | 100 | areal % of the total assessment u | nit |
|--|---------|-----------------------------------|---------|
| Oil in Oil Fields: Richness factor (unitless multiplier): | minimum | median | maximum |
| Volume % in parcel (areal % x richness factor): Portion of volume % that is offshore (0-100%) | | <u>100</u> 60 | |
| Gas in Gas Fields: Richness factor (unitless multiplier): | minimum | median | maximum |
| Volume % in parcel (areal % x richness factor): Portion of volume % that is offshore (0-100%) | | <u>100</u> 60 | |



Ardjuna, AU 38240201



Ardjuna, AU 38240201 Undiscovered Field-Size Distribution

GAS-FIELD SIZE (BCFG)